WJE

Trimont Condominiums

Facade Condition Assessment | Pittsburgh, PA



CLIENT

Trimont Condominiums

BACKGROUND

Trimont Condominiums is a multiple-building condominium complex that was originally constructed in the early 1980s and is constructed of a cast-in-place reinforced concrete structural framing system. The concrete frame is exposed on the exterior and aluminum ribbon windows are installed between the concrete spandrel members. Various repairs had been completed on the facade during prior repair efforts by others. The repairs were generally related to water intrusion into the building and visible concrete distress.

WJE performed a condition assessment of the exterior facades at Trimont Condominiums. The scope of services provided by WJE included document review, field observations, drone photography, material studies (sampling and testing), and discussion with on-site personnel. The condition assessment was prompted by facade materials that dislodged from the building and fell to the ground in mid-2015, with one piece of concrete falling through a skylight in the entry canopy.





SOLUTION

Six concrete cores and multiple concrete fragments were removed from the facade for testing and evaluation to characterize the concrete and to determine if any features could be contributing to the observed spalling and corrosion of embedded reinforcement. A limited petrographic examination, including depth of carbonation measurements and chloride content testing, were performed as part of the studies.

Concrete spalls throughout the facade appeared to be directly related to corrosion of the embedded reinforcement. The incipient spalls observed at many locations presented a risk of falling debris to pedestrian and roof areas below. Field observations of reinforcement cover dimensions revealed that reinforcement bars were located near the exterior surface of the concrete in numerous locations. The corrosion of the embedded steel reinforcement did not appear to be caused by chloride admixtures within the concrete, but rather by carbonation of the concrete from natural atmospheric exposure of the building.

Recommendations were provided to conduct a more detailed examination in preparation of developing a comprehensive repair program.



ENGINEERS Architects Materials Scientists